## **Growing Awareness**

#### **Planning Food Cities**



Putting planning policies in place Gillian Morgan - Sustain



#### **Spatial Vision for a Sustainable Food City**







## Food is a Spatial Planning Issue

## What does a Sustainable Food City look like?

- Access to healthy food eg
  - protection of local shops,
  - encouragement of food markets,
  - location of hot food take-aways
- Space for community gardens and food growing in major housing developments
- Edible planting and species of biodiversity value in landscaping schemes
- Agricultural land in the urban fringe and Green Belt is in productive use





### **National Planning Framework**

#### What is a Healthy Community?

For active healthy lifestyles

 green open space and safe places for food growing.

Planning Practice Guidance for England 2014





#### **Local Authority Planning Role**

#### **Local Plan Making Role**

- Local Plan Making
- Neighbourhood and Area Planning
- Publishing Planning Guidance

#### **Decision Taking Role**

Development
 Management





#### Community Food Growing Contributes to Local Strategic Objectives

- Sustainability
- Climate Change
- Green Infrastructure
- Health
- Economy
- Regeneration
- Design and Amenity





## **Policy Making**

Policy 46 (adopted 2017)

#### Local food growing

1. The use of land and buildings as new allotments, or chards and for local food growing spaces and production will be supported, including the temporary use of vacant or derelict land or buildings and the use of amenity greenspace on housing estates and other open space areas, where this does not conflict with other policy objectives or land use priorities.

2. The incorporation of community gardens, allotments, orchards and innovative spaces for growing food, including green roofs, will be encouraged and supported in new developments where possible and appropriate, particularly where there is demand for food growing space in the vicinity of the application site.

3. The inclusion of productive trees and plants in landscaping schemes will be encouraged where appropriate.

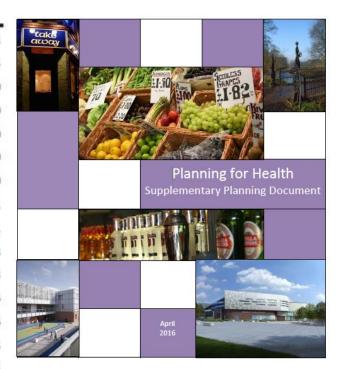
http://ow.ly/JarZ30bsTsc



## **Planning for Health**

#### Contents

1. Introduction and Scope	3
2. Planning and Public Health Context	5
3. Key Considerations	10
Promoting Healthy Developments	
Key Consideration 1 - Promoting Healthy Developments	10
Health Impact Assessments	10
Key Consideration 2 - Health Impact Assessments	10
Hot Food Takeaways	11
Key Consideration 3 - School Exclusion Zones	11
Alcohol	13
Key Consideration 4 - Control of Alcohol Sales from Local and Convenience Shops	
Smoking	14
Key Consideration 5 - Control of Shisha Cafés	14
Allotments and Community Food Growing Spaces	15
Key Consideration 6 – Protection of Allotments and Community Food Growing Spaces.	
Key Consideration 7 - Provision of new Allotments and Community Food Growing Space	es . 15







# Case Studies of New Development Space for Food Growing





## **Brighton Planning Context**

## Brighton and Hove Planning Advice Note 06, Food Growing and Development, 2011:

- "Recognise, safeguard, and encourage the role of allotments & garden plots within developments"
- Goal: allotment provision of at least 0.23 ha per 1000 residents, maximum 15 minutes walk
- Benefits: "improving the physical and mental health of residents, increasing bio-diversity in cities, reducing carbon emissions associated with long distance food distribution, and greening the urban landscape"



#### **One Brighton**

- 172 apartment mixed-use development Completed 2010
- set out to be one of the greenest and most sustainable urban communities in Europe
- Rooftop mini-allotments & balconies with integrated planters suitable for growing food, 'edible landscaping'





## **Leeds Planning Context**

- Core Strategy 2014
- Aire Valley Area Action Plan 2016/7
- make it easier for people to lead healthy lifestyles, with better access to fresh food shopping, the ability to grow their own food locally, and participate in recreational activities.





#### **Saxton Gardens**

#### Before

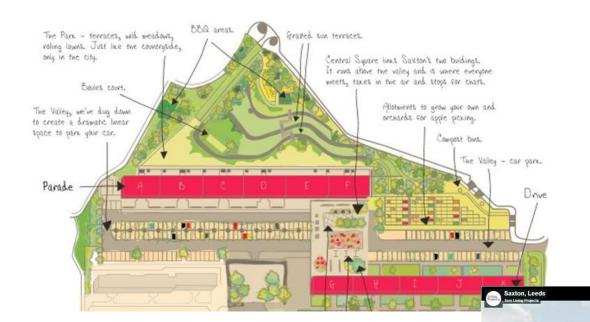


#### **After**





#### Site Plan



#### Grow Your Own



### **Waltham Forest Planning Context**

#### Waltham Forest Local Plan - Core Strategy, 2012

- Policy CS5 Enhancing Green Infrastructure and Biodiversity
   E "ensuring the adequate provision and efficient use of allotments and other spaces on which to grow food and plants"
- 8.20 "Allotments, community gardens, and urban farms are a useful resource for delivering a range of benefits including providing a healthy and sustainable food resource and fostering opportunities for gentle exercise."

#### **Development Management Policies**, 2013

 Policy DM12 "The Council <u>will expect</u> development proposals to contribute to the supply, quality and accessibility of private and communal spaces on which to grow food and flowers"



#### Walthamstow Stadium

- East London, borough of Waltham Forest
- Demolition of greyhound racing track besides historic sign
- 294 new homes of mixed form and tenure
- Community facilities including nursery, café, sports centre, and new pocket allotments





#### **Key Messages**

#### Sustainable Food Cities

Think: what do you want your place to look like?

#### Developers

Improve social & environmental attractiveness of development

#### Councils

Planning for a sustainable food system meets many strategic objectives





#### Resources

#### **Support for Councils**

# Planning Sustainable Cities and Community Food Growing



A guide to using planning policy to meet strategic objectives through community food growing

https://www.sustainweb.org/publicati
ons/planning sustainable cities/

#### **Support for Communities**

# Sustain's Planning Food Cities Toolkit

https://www.sustainweb.org/plannin
g/

